Private & Confidential



FACULTY OF CULINARY ARTS

FINAL EXAMINATION

Student ID (in Figures)	:											
Student ID (in Words)	:											
Course Code & Name	:	PAT	1534	PROF	ESSIC	NAL	PASTR	RYI				
Trimester & Year	:	JAN	JARY.	-APRI	L 2018	3						
Lecturer/Examiner	:	SH. I	MARI	A SAF	IILA							
Duration	:	3 HC	OURS									

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This question paper consists of 2 parts:

PART A (60 marks) : SIX (6) short answer questions. Answer ALL questions in the Answer

Booklet(s) provided.

PART B (40 marks) : TWO (2) essay questions. Answer ALL questions in the Answer Booklet(s)

provided.

- 2. Candidates are not allowed to bring any unauthorised materials except writing equipment into the Examination Hall. Electronic dictionaries are strictly prohibited.
- 3. This question paper must be submitted along with all used and/or unused rough papers and/or graph paper (if any). Candidates are NOT allowed to take any examination materials out of the examination hall.
- 4. Only ballpoint pens are allowed to be used in answering the questions, with the exception of objective questions, where 2B pencils are to be used.

WARNING: The University Examination Board (UEB) of BERJAYA University College regards cheating as a most serious offence and will not hesitate to mete out the appropriate punitive actions according to the severity of the offence committed, and in accordance with the clauses stipulated in the Students' Handbook, up to and including expulsion from BERJAYA University College.

Total Number of pages = 4 (Including the cover page)

PART A : SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (60 MARKS)

INSTRUCTION(S) : **SIX (6)** short answer questions. Answer ALL questions in the Answer

Booklet(s) provided.

Since rodents and insects such as weevils love a diet rich in grains and flour, they are a concern
for all bakers. Not only can these pests destroys and ruin valuable commodities, they can be a
source of cross-contamination which can lead to the presence of disease-causing organisms.
 Suggest FIVE (5) preventions of pests and insects from infesting your operation. (6 marks)

 Flour is the major component in bread and baked goods. The milling process usually begins by separating the bran and germ from endosperm, which is then ground into smaller and smaller pieces. Flour maybe chemically or naturally aged to improve the baking performance. You are required to explain;

i. Why is flour aged? (6 marks)

ii. Why and how flour is enriched? (4 marks)

3. Define **SIX (6)** purposes of using sugars and sweetening agent in baking. (6 marks)

4. Staling begins almost as soon as the baked items are taken from the oven, you are required to:

a. Define the term staling. (2 marks)

b. Identify the factors that contribute to staling for baked products. (4 marks)

c. Describe the main techniques used to slow staling. (6 marks)

5. In bread making, once all the ingredients are scaled and brought to the work area, the mixing of ingredients begin. There are **TWO (2)** principle mixing methods in bread dough making processes; straight dough method and sponge dough method.

- a. Explain the differences in procedure between the straight dough method and the sponge method. (9 marks)
- b. Describe the advantages of sponge method for mixing bread dough. (5 marks)

- 6. Steam is used frequently within the first 5 to 10 minutes of baking for lean dough with hard crusts like French bread.
 - a. Explain how steam helps in producing a crisp and thin crust. (6 marks)
 - Suggests other methods that can be used to produce crisp crusted bread if your oven is not equipped with steam injectors.

END OF PART A

PART B : Essay Questions (40 Marks)

INSTRUCTION(S) : Answer **ALL** questions in the Answer booklet(s) provided.

Gelatin is a stabiliser that helps food sets, forming gel like consistency and giving form and structure to a dessert.

Question 1

Discuss **THREE (3)** steps in preparing gelatin so that it can be successfully added to desserts without forming jelly-like clumps. (20 marks)

Question 2

Bavarian cream is made of **THREE (3)** basic elements: custard sauce or *crème anglaise* (flavored as desired), gelatin, and whipped cream. Because they can be molded and decorated in many ways, Bavarian creams can be used to make elaborate and elegant desserts. You have prepared a Bavarian cream using recipe from figure 1.

PINEAPPLE BAVARIAN CREAM						
Gelatin	5 gm					
Water, cold	150 ml					
Egg yolks	125 gm					
Sugar	300 gm					
Vanilla	8 ml					
Heavy cream	500 ml					
Pineapple puree	300 ml					

Figure 1

Unfortunately, the Bavarian cream did not set and the texture is too soft to hold its shape. By referring to the recipe in figure 1, evaluate the factors that could have interfered with the gelling of a gelatin based desserts. (20 marks)

END OF EXAM PAPER